



**Grant Thornton**



**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED**  
**30 JUNE 2025**



**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED  
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**

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## STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Management is responsible for the following:

- Preparing and fairly presenting the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Murphy Clarke Financial Limited ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the consolidated statement of income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and significant accounting policies and other explanatory information;
- Ensuring that the Group keeps proper accounting records;
- Selecting appropriate accounting policies and applying them in a consistent manner;
- Implementing, monitoring and evaluating the system of internal control that assures security of the Group's assets, detection / prevention of fraud, and the achievement of Group operational efficiencies;
- Ensuring that the system of internal control operated effectively during the reporting period;
- Producing reliable financial reporting that comply with laws and regulations, including the Companies Act; and
- Using reasonable and prudent judgement in the determination of estimates.

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management utilised the International Financial Reporting Standard as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago. Where International Financial Reporting Standards presented alternative accounting treatments, management chose those considered most appropriate in the circumstances. Nothing has come to the attention of management to indicate that the Group will not remain a going concern for the next twelve months from the reporting date; or up to the date the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been authorised for issue, if later. Management affirms that it has carried out its responsibilities as outlined above.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "L. Clarke".

Leslie Clarke  
Managing Director  
23 September 2025

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Fareesha Majid".

Fareesha Majid  
Chief Financial Officer  
23 September 2025



## **Independent Auditors' Report**

### **To the Board of Directors of Murphy Clarke Financial Limited**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Murphy Clarke Financial Limited ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2025, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the 'International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics of Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period. Key audit matters are selected from matters communicated with those charged with governance. There are no key audit matters to communicate with those charged with governance.

#### **Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

**Independent Auditors' Report (continued)****Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue the auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.
- If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the Group or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



### **Independent Auditors' Report (continued)**

#### **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)**

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Giles Leung.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that appears to read "Giles Leung".

Grant Thornton  
ORBIT Solutions  
Port of Spain  
Trinidad  
23 September 2025

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*

	Notes	2025	2024
		\$	\$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	91,751,454	39,101,643
Financial assets	7	168,104,999	170,055,332
Accounts receivable	8	6,556,567	5,165,921
Due from related parties	17	806,588	469,499
Construction in progress		684,950	-
Property, plant and equipment	5	1,929,332	1,514,872
Investment properties	6	43,815,000	34,610,000
Other assets		982,692	672,101
Taxation recoverable		<u>1,767,482</u>	<u>2,091,972</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b><u>316,399,064</u></b>	<b><u>253,681,340</u></b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Stated capital	10	19,200,000	19,200,000
Retained earnings		<u>11,333,557</u>	<u>7,026,731</u>
		<u>30,533,557</u>	<u>26,226,731</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities	11	201,330,374	155,902,470
Client deposits	12	67,343,240	59,222,295
Due to related parties		195,000	-
Other liabilities	14	14,296,840	9,364,623
Taxation payable		1,938,090	1,967,245
Deferred tax liability	13	<u>761,963</u>	<u>997,976</u>
		<u>285,865,507</u>	<u>227,454,609</u>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<b><u>316,399,064</u></b>	<b><u>253,681,340</u></b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

On 23 September 2025 the Board of Directors of Murphy Clarke Financial Limited authorized these consolidated financial statements for issue.

Director:



Director: *Farusha Hajad*

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPEHENSIVE INCOME**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*

	Notes	2025	2024
		\$	\$
<b>INCOME</b>			
Interest income		10,555,395	8,390,373
Interest expense		<u>(7,057,366)</u>	<u>(5,467,225)</u>
Net interest income		3,498,029	2,923,148
Brokerage fees		3,504,710	3,782,310
Management fees		5,774,628	4,616,954
Other income		354,163	310,400
Dividend income		932,711	792,210
Rental income		2,040,814	2,319,472
Gain on disposal of investments		9,705,527	4,719,721
Net gain from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	10,945,572
Gain on foreign currency translations		<u>4,900,553</u>	<u>1,768,061</u>
		<u>30,711,135</u>	<u>32,177,848</u>
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Employee costs	15	(9,567,457)	(7,921,591)
Net loss from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(1,288,678)	-
Change in fair value of investment properties		(1,795,000)	-
Administrative expenses	19	<u>(9,661,103)</u>	<u>(8,012,007)</u>
		<u>(22,312,234)</u>	<u>(15,933,598)</u>
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		<b>8,398,897</b>	<b>16,244,250</b>
Taxation	13	<u>(1,087,091)</u>	<u>(4,306,889)</u>
<b>Total comprehensive profit for the year</b>		<b><u>7,311,806</u></b>	<b><u>11,937,361</u></b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*

	<b>Stated capital \$</b>	<b>Retained earnings \$</b>	<b>Total \$</b>
Balance as at 1 July 2024	19,200,000	7,026,731	26,226,731
Dividends	-	(3,004,980)	(3,004,980)
Total comprehensive profit for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>7,311,806</u>	<u>7,311,806</u>
<b>Balance as at 30 June 2025</b>	<b><u>19,200,000</u></b>	<b><u>11,333,557</u></b>	<b><u>30,533,557</u></b>
Balance as at 1 July 2023	19,200,000	(1,439,787)	17,760,213
Dividends	-	(3,470,843)	(3,470,843)
Total comprehensive profit for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>11,937,361</u>	<u>11,937,361</u>
<b>Balance as at 30 June 2024</b>	<b><u>19,200,000</u></b>	<b><u>7,026,731</u></b>	<b><u>26,226,731</u></b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Profit before taxation	8,398,897	16,244,250
<b>Non-cash adjustments</b>		
Depreciation	567,067	413,295
Change in fair value of investment property	1,795,000	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	423	3,435
Net loss/(gain) from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,288,678	(10,945,572)
Interest income	(10,555,395)	(8,390,373)
Interest expense	<u>7,057,366</u>	<u>5,467,225</u>
	8,552,036	2,792,260
<b>Net changes in working capital</b>		
Change in accounts receivable	(781,009)	21,124,948
Change in client deposits	8,120,945	(33,691,562)
Change in other liabilities	1,257,192	(1,494,762)
Change in due from related parties	<u>(142,089)</u>	<u>5,521,609</u>
	17,007,075	(5,747,507)
Taxation paid	<u>(1,027,769)</u>	<u>(2,237,327)</u>
<b>Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities</b>	<u>15,979,306</u>	<u>(7,984,834)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Investment properties	(11,000,000)	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	41,996	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(1,023,946)	(357,550)
Acquisition of other assets	(310,591)	(20,000)
Change in financial assets	661,655	(67,559,859)
Construction in progress	(684,950)	-
Interest paid	(5,982,341)	(4,940,350)
Interest received	<u>9,945,758</u>	<u>7,470,831</u>
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<u>(8,352,419)</u>	<u>(65,406,928)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Dividends paid	(404,980)	(434,843)
Change in financial liabilities	<u>45,427,904</u>	<u>21,621,973</u>
<b>Net cash generated from financing activities</b>	<u>45,022,924</u>	<u>21,187,130</u>
<b>Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the year</b>	52,649,811	(52,204,632)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year</b>	<u>39,101,643</u>	<u>91,306,275</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	<u>91,751,454</u>	<u>39,101,643</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*

**1. General information**

Murphy Clarke Financial Limited (“the Company”) is incorporated in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago. The address of the Company’s registered office is #15 Wainwright Street, St Clair, Port of Spain. The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries Stone Services Limited, Murphy Clarke Financial Limited St. Lucia, Trinity Scott Limited, Sustino Limited and Coastal Winds Limited (“the Group”).

The Company is a private independently owned wealth management business, operating under a broker/dealer license, offering a full range of investment management services and providing avenues to invest in a number of products and services.

Stone Services Limited, Coastal Winds Limited, Sustino Limited and Trinity Scott Limited are real estate management companies.

Murphy Clarke Financial Limited St. Lucia have not commenced operations.

Company	Country of Incorporation	Percentage Owned	
		2025	2024
Stone Services Limited	Trinidad and Tobago	100%	100%
Coastal Winds Limited	Trinidad and Tobago	100%	100%
Murphy Clarke Financial (St. Lucia) Limited	St Lucia	100%	100%
Trinity Scott Limited	Trinidad and Tobago	100%	100%
Sustino Limited	Trinidad and Tobago	100%	100%

**2. Basis of preparation**

**(a) Basis of accounting**

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

**(b) Basis of measurement**

These consolidated financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis, except for financial assets and investment properties at fair value through profit or loss.

**(c) Functional and reporting currency**

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Trinidad and Tobago dollars which is the Group’s functional currency.

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*  
**(Continued)**

**2. Basis of preparation (continued)**

**(d) Use of estimates and judgements**

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

**(i) Judgements**

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

- Note 4(a)(ii) - Determination of control over investees.
- Note 4(k) - Leases: whether an arrangement contains a lease.
- Note 4(k) - Lease classification.

**(ii) Assumptions and estimation uncertainties**

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the year ending 30 June 2025 is included in the following notes:

- Note 4(l) - Recognition of deferred tax assets: availability of future taxable profits against which tax losses carried forward and can be used.
- Note 4(c) and (p) - Determination of the fair value of financial instruments.

**3. Changes in accounting policy**

**a) New, revised and amended standards or interpretations not yet effective**

There were no new, revised and amended standards or interpretations implemented during the reporting period for the Group.

At the date of authorisation of these consolidated financial statements, several new, but not yet effective, standards and amendments to existing standards, and interpretations have been published by the IASB. None of these standards or amendments to existing standards have been adopted early by the Group.

Management anticipates that all relevant pronouncements will be adopted for the first period beginning on or after the effective date of the pronouncement. New standards, amendments and interpretations not adopted in the current year have not been disclosed as they are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*  
**(Continued)**

**4. Significant accounting policies**

The Group has consistently applied the accounting policies as set out below to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

**a) Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group include the assets and liabilities and results of operations of the Parent company and its subsidiaries after elimination of inter-company transactions and balances.

*(i) Business combinations*

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as at the acquisition date – that is, when control is transferred to the Group. The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired.

Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Any gain on a bargain purchase (negative goodwill) is recognised in profit or loss immediately. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except if they are related to the issue of debt or equity securities.

*(ii) Subsidiaries*

Subsidiaries are investees controlled by the Group. The Group ‘controls’ an investee when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

*(iii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation*

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

**b) Foreign currency**

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated into the functional currency at the spot exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange differences resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*  
**(Continued)**

**4. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**c) Financial instruments**

*(i) Recognition and derecognition*

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

*(ii) Classification and initial measurement of financial assets*

Except for those trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component and are measured at the transaction price in accordance with IFRS 15, all financial assets are initially measured at fair value adjusted for transaction costs (where applicable).

Financial assets are classified as:

- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

The classification is determined by both:

- the Group's business model for managing the financial asset
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

All income and expenses relating to financial assets that are recognised in profit or loss are presented within finance costs, other income, except for impairment of trade receivables which is presented within expense.

*(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

This category includes financial assets held for trading or financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so, designated by management.

Financial assets that are held within a different business model other than 'hold to collect' or 'hold to collect and sell' are categorized at fair value through profit and loss. Further, irrespective of business model financial assets whose contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest are accounted for at FVTPL.

Assets in this category are measured at fair value with gains and losses recognized in profit and loss. The fair values of financial assets in this category are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists.

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*  
**(Continued)**

**4. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**c) Financial instruments (continued)**

**(iv) Financial assets at amortised cost**

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if the assets meet the following conditions (and are not designated as FVTPL):

- They are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial assets and collect its contractual cash flows.
- The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

**(v) Financial liabilities**

The Group's financial liabilities includes the margin facility, Real Asset Structured Products (RASP), certificates of investments, client deposits and other liabilities measured at amortised cost or fair value through profit or loss.

**d) Property, plant and equipment**

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated using the diminishing balance basis over the estimated useful lives of each item of equipment at the following rates:

Leasehold improvements	10%
Furniture and fittings	20 - 25%
Office equipment	25 - 33.33%
Motor vehicles	25%

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

Gains or losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss.

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*

**4. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**e) *Impairment of non-financial assets***

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

**f) *Investment property***

Investment property is property held to earn rental income, held for capital appreciation or for both. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at fair value with any change therein recognised in profit or loss.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in profit or loss. When an investment property that was previously classified as property, plant and equipment is sold, any related amount included in the revaluation reserve is transferred to retained earnings.

When the use of a property changes such that it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment, its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for subsequent accounting.

The Group's policy is to perform a reevaluation of the investment properties once every three years.

**g) *Other assets***

Other assets are measured at cost.

**h) *Cash and cash equivalents***

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost in the consolidated statement of financial position.

**i) *Provisions***

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of finance cost is recognised as finance cost.

**MURPHY CLARKE FINANCIAL LIMITED**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025**  
*(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)*

**4. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

*jj) Revenue recognition*

*(i) Interest income*

Interest income and expense are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method. The 'effective interest rate' is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial assets or liability (or, where appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial asset or liability and is not revised subsequently. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates the future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not the future credit losses.

The calculation of the effective interest rate includes all fees paid or received, transaction costs, and discounts or premiums that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or financial liability.

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis in the period in which it is due and in accordance with the underlying loan contract terms and conditions except for loans classified as impaired or for loans classified as non-accrual when in management's judgment there was a deterioration in credit quality that if continued would lead to impairment.

Interest income is shown net of the interest expense incurred on managed funds.

Other income is accounted for on the accrual basis.

*ii) Net gain from investments at fair value through profit or loss*

Net gain from investments at fair value through profit or loss includes all realised and unrealised fair value changes and foreign exchange differences, but excludes interest and dividend income, and dividend expense on securities sold short.

*iii) Fees and commissions*

Fees and commissions that are material to the effective interest rate on a financial asset or liability are included in the measurement of the effective interest rate. Other fees and commissions are recognised in income when a binding obligation has been established. Where such obligations continue, income is recognised over the duration of the facility.

*iv) Rental income*

Rental income is recognised on the accrual basis.

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**4. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

***k) Leased assets***

The Group is a party to lease contracts for:

Buildings: Office Space

Equipment: Bloomberg

***(i) The Group as a Lessee***

The Group has elected to apply the IFRS 16 exemption to all its short-term leases (up to 12 months) which do not contain a purchase option and therefore the lease payments associated with these leases have been recognised and expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

***(ii) The Group as a lessor***

The Group also earns rental income from leases of its investment properties (See note 7). Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

***l) Taxation***

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or subsequently enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current tax payable also includes any tax liability arising from the declaration of dividends.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or subsequently enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax asset and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and the current tax assets, and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

***m) Fiduciary activities***

The Group acts in fiduciary capacities that result in the holding or placing of assets on behalf of individuals and institutions. These assets and income arising thereon are excluded from these financial statements as they are not assets or revenue of the Group.

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**4. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

***n) Dividends***

Dividends are recognized as a liability in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Board of Directors.

***o) Comparative information***

Certain changes in the presentation have been made regarding these consolidated financial statements. These changes had no effect on the operating results or profit after tax on the Group for the previous year.

***p) Use of critical estimates and judgements***

***Measurement of fair values***

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Management team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the valuation team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of IFRS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

*Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.*

*Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).*

*Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).*

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following notes:

Note 6 – Investment properties  
Note 7 and 18 – Financial instruments

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**5. Property, plant and equipment**

	<b>Building improvements</b> \$	<b>Furniture, fittings and office equipment</b> \$	<b>Motor vehicles</b> \$	<b>Total</b> \$
<b>Year ended 30 June 2024</b>				
<b>Cost</b>				
Balance as at 1 July 2024	211,811	3,133,283	684,244	4,029,338
Additions	-	438,946	585,000	1,023,946
Disposals	<u>—</u>	<u>(53,067)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(53,067)</u>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2025</b>	<b><u>211,811</u></b>	<b><u>3,519,162</u></b>	<b><u>1,269,244</u></b>	<b><u>5,000,217</u></b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
Balance at 1 July 2024	101,591	1,957,341	455,534	2,514,466
Charge for the year	11,022	364,805	191,240	567,067
Disposals	<u>—</u>	<u>(10,648)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(10,648)</u>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2025</b>	<b><u>112,613</u></b>	<b><u>2,311,498</u></b>	<b><u>646,774</u></b>	<b><u>3,070,885</u></b>
<b>Net book value 30 June 2025</b>	<b><u>99,198</u></b>	<b><u>1,207,664</u></b>	<b><u>622,470</u></b>	<b><u>1,929,332</u></b>
<b>Year ended 30 June 2024</b>				
<b>Cost</b>				
Balance as at 1 July, 2023	211,811	2,787,773	684,244	3,683,828
Additions	-	357,550	-	357,550
Disposals	<u>—</u>	<u>(12,040)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(12,040)</u>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2024</b>	<b><u>211,811</u></b>	<b><u>3,133,283</u></b>	<b><u>684,244</u></b>	<b><u>4,029,338</u></b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
Balance at 1 July 2023	89,344	1,641,133	379,299	2,109,776
Charge for the year	12,247	324,813	76,235	413,295
Disposals	<u>—</u>	<u>(8,605)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(8,605)</u>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2024</b>	<b><u>101,591</u></b>	<b><u>1,957,341</u></b>	<b><u>455,534</u></b>	<b><u>2,514,466</u></b>
<b>Net book value 30 June 2024</b>	<b><u>110,220</u></b>	<b><u>1,175,942</u></b>	<b><u>228,710</u></b>	<b><u>1,514,872</u></b>

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	2025	2024
	\$	\$
<b>6. Investment properties</b>		
Balance as at 1 July 2024	34,610,000	34,610,000
Additions	11,000,000	-
Change in fair value	<u>(1,795,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance as at 30 June 2025	<u><b>43,815,000</b></u>	<u><b>34,610,000</b></u>

The fair value of the Group's main property assets is estimated based on appraisals performed by independent, professionally qualified property valuers in 2025. The significant inputs and assumptions are developed in close consultation with management. The appraisal was carried out using a market approach.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
<b>7. Financial assets</b>		
Non-pledged financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	150,577,847	130,504,038
Pledged financial assets at amortized cost	12,029,932	17,184,140
Pledged financial assets designated as at fair value	<u>5,497,220</u>	<u>22,367,154</u>
	<u><b>168,104,999</b></u>	<u><b>170,055,332</b></u>

This balance is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable when finances permit.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
<b>8. Accounts receivable</b>		
Accrued interest	3,673,989	3,064,352
Other client receivables	379,097	228,927
Other receivables	<u>2,503,481</u>	<u>1,872,642</u>
	<u><b>6,556,567</b></u>	<u><b>5,165,921</b></u>

Other client receivables includes a balance of \$333,381 (2024: nil) which is due from four related party entities. The related party entities are Kyra Investments Limited, Artemis Financial Limited, Milema Limited, KIIMS Development Limited and Milema Limited with balances of \$329,428, \$1,680, \$1,508 and \$765 respectively.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
<b>9. Cash and cash equivalents</b>		
Cash in hand	753,167	183,438
Cash at bank:		
Local bank accounts	54,551,638	26,908,144
Foreign broker accounts	<u>36,446,649</u>	<u>12,010,061</u>
	<u><b>91,751,454</b></u>	<u><b>39,101,643</b></u>

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**10. Stated capital**

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Authorised capital		
Unlimited number of ordinary shares of no par value		
10,000 preference shares of no par value		
Issued and fully paid		
9,200,000 ordinary shares of no par value	9,200,000	9,200,000
10,000 preference shares of no par value	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>10,000,000</u>
	<u><b>19,200,000</b></u>	<u><b>19,200,000</b></u>

**Repurchase of shares**

The Company's preference shares were issued in June 2017 and are cumulative perpetual shares, however, there is a call option at the end of three years whereby the company can redeem or roll forward. The Company has elected not to exercise the call option on the preference shares. As a result, the securities have been rolled forward for a second time for another three-year period (2023-2026). Dividends have been paid up at a rate of 4% annually.

**11. Financial liabilities**

Current	138,340,609	115,135,944
Non-current	<u>62,989,765</u>	<u>40,766,526</u>
	<u><b>201,330,374</b></u>	<u><b>155,902,470</b></u>
Represented by:		
Real Asset Structured Products	43,913,622	39,618,685
Loans	31,217,841	36,282,643
Commercial Paper	8,800,000	-
Certificate of Investments	<u>117,398,911</u>	<u>80,001,142</u>
	<u><b>201,330,374</b></u>	<u><b>155,902,470</b></u>
Fair value of collateral provided in respect of financial liabilities	<u>188,465,813</u>	<u>165,798,917</u>

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**11. Financial liabilities (continued)**

***Real Asset Structured Products***

Real Asset Structured Products (RASP) represent investments in real assets, namely real estate holdings. The weighted average interest rate offered to clients was 3.523% (2024: 2.927%) with an average life of the investment being three (3) years. The RASP structure is an unsolicited private placement of funds to clients that fit into the Company's family office structure.

***Loans***

***Massy Finance GFC Limited***

Loan facility with Massy Finance GFC Limited. The loan bears a fixed interest rate of 6% and has a 12-month term to maturity, from the date of drawdown. The loan is secured by USD 489K TPHL 9% bond due 2025 and USD 309K TCMSTT 8.875% bond due 2029.

***Scotiabank Trinidad and Tobago Limited***

Promissory note with Scotiabank Trinidad and Tobago Limited. The note bears a fixed interest rate of 5% and has a 120-month term to maturity. The note is secured by a personal guarantee, by one of the shareholders of Murphy Clarke Financial Limited amounting to TTD\$1,575,000. Additionally, USD\$250,000 is held as collateral in a USD savings account at Scotiabank Trinidad and Tobago Limited.

Revolving term loan with Scotiabank Trinidad and Tobago Limited. The loan bears a fixed interest rate of 5.75% and has a 12-month term to maturity from the first anniversary from the date of the first advance. The note is secured by US\$1,775,215 maintained via a Fixed Income Mutual Fund at Scotiabank Trinidad and Tobago Limited.

***First Citizens Bank Limited***

Commercial Mortgage with First Citizens Bank Limited. The mortgage bears a variable interest rate of 6.5% and has a 180-month term to maturity. The mortgage is secured by the properties situated at 105-107 Point-a-Pierre Road, San Fernando, and #6 Scott Street, Port of Spain. Additionally, the debt service is guaranteed by Murphy Clarke Financial Limited.

***Certificate of Investments***

Certificate of investments represent fixed income securities sold to the investor at a specified fixed rate which range between 1% and 6% and the term which range between 1 year and 7 years.

***Commercial Paper***

Commercial paper sold to the investor at a specified fixed rate which range between 2.05% and 2.65% with maturities ranging from 60 days to 270 days. The commercial paper was issued under the Company's \$15 million Senior Commercial Paper Program.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Other deposits	67,343,240	38,181,981
Other deposits unsubscribed	-	<u>21,040,314</u>
	<u>67,343,240</u>	<u>59,222,295</u>
Fair value of collateral provided in respect of client deposits	-	<u>74,610,884</u>

(i) Other deposits represent funds received from clients which have not been allocated to a product type  
(ii) Other deposits unsubscribed represent funds received from clients to be invested in the purchase of investments and to be allocated to Clients.

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13. Taxation	2025	2024
	\$	\$
(i) <i>Income tax recognised in profit or loss</i>		
Corporation tax	2,063,284	942,229
Green fund levy	100,044	58,259
Business Levy	5,643	-
Deferred tax	(1,081,880)	<u>3,306,401</u>
	<u>1,807,091</u>	<u>4,306,889</u>
(ii) <i>Reconciliation of effective tax rate</i>		
Profit before taxation	<u>8,433,898</u>	<u>16,244,250</u>
Corporation tax at statutory rate of - 30%	2,530,169	4,873,275
Tax effect on non-deductible expenses	(19,177)	(575,831)
Tax effect of deductible allowances	(1,546,499)	(48,814)
Business Levy	5,643	-
Green fund levy	100,044	58,259
Other	<u>16,911</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>1,087,091</u>	<u>4,306,889</u>
(iii) <i>Movement in the deferred tax (asset)/liability</i>		
The movement in deferred tax is attributable to property, plant and equipment and financial assets.		
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
<b>Deferred tax liability</b>		
The components of deferred tax are as follows:		
At the beginning of the year	(997,976)	2,308,425
Deferred tax benefit/(charge)	<u>236,013</u>	<u>(3,306,401)</u>
At the end of the year	<u>(761,963)</u>	<u>(997,976)</u>

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	2025	2024
	\$	\$
<b>14. Other liabilities</b>		
Interest payable	2,499,704	1,424,679
Bonus accrual	3,155,000	3,000,000
Dividend payable	2,600,000	3,036,000
Other payables	<u>6,042,136</u>	<u>1,903,944</u>
	<u><b>14,296,840</b></u>	<u><b>9,364,623</b></u>
Other payables includes a balance of \$1,207,098 (2024: nil) which is due to two related party entities. These related party entities are Kyra Investments Ltd and Milema Limited with balances of \$1,201,013 and \$6,085 respectively.		
<b>15. Employee costs</b>		
Salaries	4,953,038	3,198,317
National insurance	302,784	263,485
Bonus	3,500,160	3,752,522
Medical expense	93,115	90,954
Allowances	79,700	80,274
Commissions	<u>638,660</u>	<u>536,039</u>
	<u><b>9,567,457</b></u>	<u><b>7,921,591</b></u>
<b>16. Leases</b>		
The expense relating to lease payments are as follows:		
Short-term leases	210,381	197,325
Leases of low value assets	<u>49,241</u>	<u>38,475</u>
	<u><b>259,622</b></u>	<u><b>235,800</b></u>

Short term leases related to the rental of equipment, payments of which are expensed to profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Leases of low value asset related to the rental of office space, payments of which are expensed to profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

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**17. Related parties**

***(i) Identity of related parties***

A party is related to the Group if:

- a) The party is a subsidiary or an associate of the Group;
- b) The party is, directly or indirectly, either under common control or subject to significant influence with the Group or has significant or joint control of the Group.
- c) The party is a close family member of a person who is part of key management personnel or who controls the Group;
- d) The party is controlled or significantly influenced by a member of key management personnel or by a person who controls the Group;
- e) The party is a joint venture in which the Group is a venture partner;
- f) The party is a member of a Group's or its parent's key management personnel;
- g) The party is a post-employment benefit plan for the Group's employees.
- h) The party, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group.

***(ii) Key management personnel***

Key management personnel receive compensation in the form of short-term, employee benefits and post-employment benefits. Key management personnel received compensation of \$1,702,000 (2024: \$2,259,352) for the year. Total remuneration is included in staff costs.

***(iii) Due from related parties***

- a) Due from related parties of \$806,588 in 2025 represents amounts owed by key management personnel.
- b) Due from related parties of \$469,449 in 2024 represents amounts owed by key management personnel.

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**18. Financial risk management**

*Introduction and overview*

The Group has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk
- Operational risk.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk. The Group's management of capital is presented in note 20.

*Risk management framework*

The Group maintains positions in a variety of non-derivative financial instruments in accordance with its investment management strategy. The investment strategy is to invest in marketable, high quality securities as a basis for structuring fixed income instruments and other solutions for clients. The Group's investment portfolio comprises listed and unlisted equity and debt securities.

The Group's investment manager has been given a discretionary authority to manage the assets in line with the Group's investment objectives, compliance with the target asset allocations. The composition of the portfolio is monitored by the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. In instances where the portfolio has diverged from target asset allocations, the Group's investment manager is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the established targets, within prescribed time limits.

**(a) Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Group, resulting in a financial loss to the Group. It arises principally from debt securities held and also from cash and cash equivalents and balances due from brokers. For risk management reporting purposes, the Group considers and consolidates all elements of credit risk exposure (such as individual obligor default risk, country and sector risk).

**(i) Management of credit risk**

The Group's policy over credit risk is to minimise its exposure to counterparties with perceived higher risk of default by dealing only with counterparties meeting the credit standards set out in the Group's prospectus and by taking collateral.

Credit risk is monitored on a daily basis by the investment manager in accordance with policies and procedures in place. Exposure to credit risk is low as issues are mainly investments grade, rated A and above. The Group's credit risk is monitored on a quarterly basis by the Board of Directors. Where the credit risk is not in accordance with the investment policy or guidelines of the Group, the investment manager is obliged to rebalance the portfolio within 21 days of each determination that the portfolio is not in compliance with the stated investment parameters.

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(a) Credit risk (continued)**

*(ii) Exposure to credit risk*

The Group's maximum credit risk exposure (without taking into account collateral and other credit enhancements) at the reporting date is represented by the respective carrying amounts of the relevant financial assets in the statement of financial position.

*(iii) Investment in debt securities*

Credit risk arising on debt securities is mitigated by investing primarily in investment-grade rated instruments, primarily with credit ratings of at least "BB" or equivalent as determined by S&P, Moody's, Fitch or other recognised Credit Rating Agencies. The Investment Committee reviews a monthly rating update from the rating agency and rebalances the portfolio where necessary. The Group may also invest in unrated debt securities whereby the Investment Analyst assigns a credit rating to these securities.

At 30 June 2025 the Group had invested in debt securities with the following credit quality:

	2025	2024
<u>Ratings:</u>	%	%
A	0.56	1.17
BBB	3.74	10.47
BB	73.03	67.61
B	4.07	6.00
D	4.23	-
Not rated	<u>14.37</u>	<u>14.75</u>
Total	<b><u>100.00</u></b>	<b><u>100.00</u></b>

*(iv) Cash and cash equivalents*

The Group's cash and cash equivalents are held mainly with Scotia Bank Trinidad and Tobago Limited. The Chief Financial Officer monitors the financial position on a monthly basis.

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(a) Credit risk (continued)**

**(v) Concentration of credit risk**

The Director – Financial Engineering reviews credit concentration of debt securities held based on counterparties, industries, currency and geographic location. As at the reporting date, the Group's debt securities exposures were concentrated in the following geographic locations:

	2025	2024
	%	%
Trinidad	61.32	62.87
Bermuda	0.56	1.17
UK	2.17	3.42
USA	17.17	17.14
Other	<u>18.78</u>	<u>15.40</u>
 Total	 <b><u>100.00</u></b>	 <b><u>100.00</u></b>

In this portfolio of credit risk, there are issuer concentrations to an individual issuer or group of issuers. Investments exceeding 15% of net assets are comprised of Government of Trinidad and Tobago (GOTT) and Barclays.

**(b) Settlement risk**

The Group's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed.

For the majority of transactions, the Group mitigates this risk by conducting settlements through a broker to ensure that a trade is settled only when both parties have fulfilled their contractual settlement obligations. Settlement limits form part of the credit approval and limit monitoring processes described earlier.

**(i) Past due and impaired assets**

No financial assets carried at amortised cost were past due or impaired at 30 June 2025.

**(c) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations arising from its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset, or that such obligations will have to be settled in a manner disadvantageous to the Group.

**(i) Management of liquidity risk**

The Group's policy approach to managing liquidity is to have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities, which risk damage to the Group's reputation. The Group's policy provides for the monthly evaluation of fixed income security obligation due and receivable. It is therefore exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting redemptions month over month on assets held.

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(c) Liquidity risk (continued)**

*(i) Management of liquidity risk (continued)*

The Group's financial assets include unlisted equity investments which generally are illiquid. The Group's listed securities are considered to be readily realisable as they are actively traded on major Euro Bond Market, stock exchanges and on the NYSE.

The Group's liquidity risk is managed on a daily basis by the Senior Manager – Asset Management in accordance with policies and procedures in place.

The Group's overall liquidity risk is monitored on a monthly basis by the Board of Directors. The Group's redemption policy only allows for redemption of shares to be determined at fair value price agreed amongst parties within 21 days. It is the Senior Asset Manager's policy to have liquid assets comprising cash and cash equivalents and bonds for which there is an active and liquid market equal to at least 120 percent of quarterly anticipated redemptions.

The Board of Directors is empowered to impose a redemption gate should redemption levels exceed 10 percent of the net assets value of the Group in any redemption period.

*(ii) Maturity analysis of financial liabilities*

The table below shows the undiscounted cash flows of the Group's financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments, on the basis of their earliest possible contractual maturity.

	<b>Carrying amount</b> \$	<b>Contractual cash flows</b> \$	<b>Less than one month</b> \$	<b>1 to 3 months</b> \$	<b>3 months to 1 year</b> \$	<b>More than 1 year</b> \$
<i>30 June 2025</i>						
RASP deposits	43,913,622	43,913,622	-	-	9,500,000	34,413,622
Certificates of Investments	117,398,911	117,398,911	11,389,763	5,422,229	100,586,919	-
Loan payable	31,217,842	31,217,842	-	222,122	12,686,829	18,308,891
Client deposits	67,343,240	67,343,240	67,343,240	-	-	-
Interest payable	2,499,704	7,789,179	254,010	369,008	6,824,954	341,207
Other payable	<u>11,797,137</u>	<u>11,797,137</u>	<u>11,797,137</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<b><u>274,170,456</u></b>	<b><u>279,459,931</u></b>	<b><u>90,784,150</u></b>	<b><u>6,013,359</u></b>	<b><u>129,598,702</u></b>	<b><u>53,063,720</u></b>

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(c) Liquidity risk (continued)**

*(ii) Maturity analysis of financial liabilities (continued)*

	<b>Carrying amount</b>	<b>Contractual cash flows</b>	<b>Less than one month</b>	<b>1 to 3 months</b>	<b>3 months to 1 year</b>	<b>More than 1 year</b>
<b>30 June 2024</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
RASP deposits	39,618,685	39,618,685	-	-	4,556,625	35,062,060
Certificates of Investments	80,001,142	80,001,142	5,139,590	9,710,611	65,150,941	-
Loan payable	36,282,643	36,282,643	-	33,072	35,101,729	1,147,842
Client deposits	59,222,295	59,222,295	59,222,295	-	-	-
Interest payable	1,424,679	5,666,556	195,671	465,330	3,869,478	1,136,077
Other payable	<u>9,401,749</u>	<u>9,401,749</u>	<u>9,401,749</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<b><u>225,951,193</u></b>	<b><u>230,193,070</u></b>	<b><u>73,959,305</u></b>	<b><u>10,209,013</u></b>	<b><u>108,678,773</u></b>	<b><u>37,345,979</u></b>

The gross amounts include interest payable where applicable. The Group's expected cash flows on these instruments do not vary significantly from this analysis, except for net assets attributable to the holders of redeemable shares, which the Group has contractual obligations. Historical experience indicates that these bonds are held on a medium- or long-term basis.

**(d) Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads (not relating to changes in the obligor's/issuer's credit standing) will affect the Group's income or the fair value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

*(i) Management of market risk*

The Group's strategy for the management of market risk is driven by the Group's investment objective and investment strategy.

The Group's investment objective is to generate superior returns for the investors.

The Group's market risk is managed weekly but monitored on an ongoing basis by the Senior Manager – Asset Management in accordance with policies and procedures in place. The Group's market positions are monitored on a monthly basis by the Board of Directors.

*(ii) Exposure to interest rate risk*

The Group is exposed to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of its financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. In respect of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments, the Group's policy is to transact in financial instruments that mature or re-price in the short term, i.e. no longer than 12 months. Accordingly, the Group would be subject to limited exposure to fair value or cash flow interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

A summary of the Group's interest rate gap position, categorized by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity date, is as follows:

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(d) Market risk (continued)**

*(ii) Exposure to interest rate risk (continued)*

	Less than one month	1 to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
<b><i>30 June 2025</i></b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Assets</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	91,751,455	-	-	-	91,751,455
Investment securities	-	-	-	167,203,538	167,203,538
	<b><u>91,751,455</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>167,203,538</u></b>	<b><u>258,954,993</u></b>
<b>Liabilities</b>					
Client deposits	67,343,240	-	-	-	67,343,240
RASP deposits	-	-	9,500,000	34,413,622	43,913,622
Loans payable	-	222,122	12,686,829	18,308,891	31,217,842
Commercial Paper	2,200,000	1,400,000	5,200,000	-	8,800,000
Certificate of Investments	<u>11,389,763</u>	<u>5,422,229</u>	<u>100,586,919</u>	-	<u>117,398,911</u>
	<u>80,933,002</u>	<u>7,044,351</u>	<u>127,973,748</u>	<u>52,722,513</u>	<u>268,673,615</u>
Total interest sensitivity gap	<b><u>10,818,453</u></b>	<b><u>(7,044,351)</u></b>	<b><u>(127,973,748)</u></b>	<b><u>114,481,025</u></b>	<b><u>(9,718,622)</u></b>
<b><i>30 June 2024</i></b>					
<b>Assets</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	39,101,643	-	-	-	39,101,643
Investment securities	-	-	-	170,055,332	170,055,332
	<b><u>39,101,643</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>170,055,332</u></b>	<b><u>209,156,975</u></b>
<b>Liabilities</b>					
Margin facility	-	-	-	-	-
Client deposits	59,222,295	-	-	-	59,222,295
RASP deposits	-	-	4,556,625	35,062,060	39,618,685
Loans payable	-	33,072	35,101,729	1,147,842	36,282,643
Certificate of Investments	<u>5,139,590</u>	<u>9,710,611</u>	<u>65,150,941</u>	-	<u>80,001,142</u>
	<u>64,361,885</u>	<u>9,743,683</u>	<u>104,809,295</u>	<u>36,209,902</u>	<u>215,124,765</u>
Total interest sensitivity gap	<b><u>(25,260,242)</u></b>	<b><u>(9,743,683)</u></b>	<b><u>(104,809,295)</u></b>	<b><u>133,845,430</u></b>	<b><u>(5,967,790)</u></b>

In order to manage interest rate risk, the Group aims to maintain a weighted average days to maturity, or contractual re-pricing date if earlier, for debt securities.

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(d) Market risk (continued)**

**(ii) Exposure to interest rate risk (continued)**

The internal procedures require the Investment Analyst to manage interest rate risk on a weekly basis in accordance with policies and procedures in place. The Group's interest rate risk is monitored on a monthly basis by the Board of Directors. Where the interest rate risk is not in accordance with the investment policy or guidelines of the Group, the Investment Analyst is required to re-evaluate and consider options for re-allocation of the portfolio and seek concurrence from the Board of Directors.

The sensitivity analysis reflects how profit or loss and net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that were reasonably possible at the end of the reporting period.

Management has determined that a fluctuation in interest rates of 400 basis points is reasonably possible, considering the economic environment in which the Group operates.

**(iii) Exposure to currency risk**

The Group invests in financial instruments and enters into transactions that are denominated in currencies other than its functional currency, primarily in US Dollars (USD), Brazilian Real (BRL), and Canadian Dollars (CAD). Consequently, the Group is exposed to risk that the exchange rate of its currency relative to other foreign currencies may change in a manner that has an adverse effect on the fair value or future cash flows of that portion of the Group's financial assets or liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Trinidad and Tobago dollar (TTD).

The Group's policy with respect to managing its currency risk is to limit its total foreign currency exposure, excluding USD currency, to less than 50 percent of the Group's net assets, with no individual foreign currency exposure, excluding USD currency, being greater than 20 percent of the net assets.

The Group's currency risk is managed on a daily basis by the Senior Manager – Asset Management in accordance with policies and procedures in place. Since the TTD is considered to have a "managed float" against the USD, the risk of loss between the two currencies is considered minimal. Other currency risk is managed by daily monitoring of the foreign exchange market and benchmarked to our base currency (USD). The Group's currency positions and exposures are monitored on a monthly basis by the Board of Directors.

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(d) Market risk (continued)**

**(iii) Exposure to currency risk (continued)**

At the reporting date the carrying value of the Group's investment securities held in individual foreign currencies expressed in TTD are as follows:

	<b>USD</b> \$	<b>GBP</b> \$	<b>CAD</b> \$	<b>Euro</b> \$	<b>Total</b> \$
<b><i>30 June 2025</i></b>					
Foreign assets	215,155,161	990,084	1,271,767	981,802	218,398,814
Foreign liabilities	(159,071,842)	(568,513)	(818,837)	(984,904)	(161,444,096)
Net assets	<b><u>56,083,319</u></b>	<b><u>421,571</u></b>	<b><u>452,930</u></b>	<b><u>(3,102)</u></b>	<b><u>56,954,718</u></b>

	<b>USD</b> \$	<b>GBP</b> \$	<b>CAD</b> \$	<b>Euro</b> \$	<b>Total</b> \$
<b><i>30 June 2024</i></b>					
Foreign assets	181,654,223	662,862	804,010	38,509	183,159,604
Foreign liabilities	(130,577,852)	(561,832)	(137,344)	(1,961)	(131,278,989)
Net assets	<b><u>51,076,371</u></b>	<b><u>101,030</u></b>	<b><u>666,666</u></b>	<b><u>36,548</u></b>	<b><u>51,880,615</u></b>

**(iv) Exposure to other price risk**

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

Price risk portfolio is managed by the Portfolio Manager and Investment Analyst by diversifying the portfolio. The Portfolio Manager further monitors concentration of risk based on counterparties and industries and geographical location.

The Group's policy for concentration of the investment portfolio profile sets limits as follows:

Country limits (excluding USD)	-	not exceeding 40%
Currency limits (excluding USD)	-	not exceeding 30%

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(d) Market risk (continued)**

*(iv) Exposure to other price risk (continued)*

Where the price risk is not in accordance with the investment policy or guidelines of the Group, the Portfolio Manager is required to re-evaluate and consider options for re-allocation of the portfolio and seek concurrence from the Board of Directors.

The following table sets out concentration of the investment assets, excluding derivatives, held by the Group as at the reporting date:

	2025	2024
	%	%
<i>Percentage of total assets</i>		
Government	9.20	2.76
Corporate	<u>90.80</u>	<u>97.24</u>
	<u><b>100.00</b></u>	<u><b>100.00</b></u>

There are concentrations of risk to issuers at 30 June 2025.

**(e) Operational risk**

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Group's activities with financial instruments either internally within the Group or externally at the Group's service providers, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of investment management behavior.

The Group's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of generating returns to investors.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls over operational risk rests with the Board of Directors. This responsibility is supported by the development of overall standards for the management of operational risk in the following areas:

- Requirements for appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibilities;
- Requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions;
- Compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- Documentation of controls and procedures;
- Requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risk faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- Contingency plans;
- Ethical and business standards; and
- Risk mitigation, including insurance if this is effective.

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(e) Operational risk (continued)**

Substantially all of the foreign financial assets of the Group are held by Morgan Stanley, Oppenheimer and Stifel, Nicolaus & Company. The local financial assets are held by the Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago and Scotiabank of Trinidad and Tobago Limited.

Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Group's custodian may cause the Group's rights with respect to the securities held by the custodian to be delayed or limited. The investment manager monitors credit ratings and capital adequacy of its custodian on a quarterly basis, and reviews the findings documented in the report on the internal controls annually.

**(f) Financial instruments measured at fair value**

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments measured at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

*(i) Fair value hierarchy*

**30 June 2025**

*Non pledged financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

	<b>Level 1</b> \$	<b>Level 2</b> \$	<b>Level 3</b> \$	<b>Total</b> \$
<b>Equity investments listed</b>				
Banking/financial services	15,056,680	-	-	15,056,680
Consumer Electronics/ Appliances	670,223	-	-	670,223
Entertainment	309,150	-	-	309,150
Energy	213,211	-	-	213,211
Health Care	349,181	-	-	349,181
Industrials	2,284,943	-	-	2,284,943
Other	261,441	-	-	261,441
Real Estate	165,985	-	-	165,985
Technology	<u>3,220,962</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,220,962</u>
	<b><u>22,531,776</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>22,531,776</u></b>
<b>Debt securities</b>				
Banking/financial services	19,955,389	-	-	19,955,389
Entertainment	-	301,668	-	301,668
Industrial	19,206,070	-	-	19,206,070
Oil, gas and coal	30,432,836	-	-	30,432,836
Other	-	-	9,582,567	9,582,567
Retail	6,295,951	-	-	6,295,951
State	1,032,673	-	-	1,032,673
Technology	<u>37,782,968</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>37,782,968</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>114,705,887</u></b>	<b><u>301,668</u></b>	<b><u>9,582,567</u></b>	<b><u>124,590,122</u></b>

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(i) Financial instruments measured at fair value (continued)**

*(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)*

*Pledged financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

	<b>Level 1</b> \$	<b>Level 2</b> \$	<b>Level 3</b> \$	<b>Total</b> \$
<b>Debt securities</b>				
Technology	2,115,025	-	-	2,115,025
Energy	<u>3,382,195</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,382,195</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>5,497,220</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>5,497,220</u></b>

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments measured at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

**30 June 2024**

*Non-pledged financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

	<b>Level 1</b> \$	<b>Level 2</b> \$	<b>Level 3</b> \$	<b>Total</b> \$
<b>Equity investments listed</b>				
Auto manufacturing	4,228,985	-	-	4,228,985
Banking/financial services	5,126,974	-	-	5,126,974
Consumer Electronics/ Appliances	511,111	-	-	511,111
E-Commerce	52,541	-	-	52,541
Entertainment	399,084	-	-	399,084
Pharmaceutical				
Other	1,180,381	-	-	1,180,381
Technology	<u>11,733,826</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,733,826</u>
	<b><u>23,232,902</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>23,232,902</u></b>
<b>Debt securities</b>				
Banking/financial services	19,026,951	-	-	19,026,951
Entertainment	-	301,668	-	301,668
Industrial	5,972,606	-	-	5,972,606
Oil, gas and coal	13,834,957	-	-	13,834,957
Other				
Retail	6,428,897	-	-	6,428,897
State	4,279,242	-	-	4,279,242
Technology	<u>17,153,564</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,153,564</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>66,696,217</u></b>	<b><u>301,668</u></b>	<b><u>-</u></b>	<b><u>66,997,885</u></b>

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(f) Financial instruments measured at fair value (continued)**

**(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)**

*Pledged financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

	<b>Level 1</b> \$	<b>Level 2</b> \$	<b>Level 3</b> \$	<b>Total</b> \$
<b>Equity investments listed</b>				
Technology	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—

**(g) Financial instruments not measured at fair value**

The table below shows the financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value and analyses them by level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

	<b>Level 1</b> \$	<b>Level 2</b> \$	<b>Level 3</b> \$	<b>Fair value</b> \$	<b>Total carrying amount</b> \$
<b><u>30 June 2025</u></b>					
<b>Liabilities</b>					
Client deposits	67,343,240	—	—	67,343,240	67,343,240
Financial liabilities	<u>183,110,374</u>	—	—	<u>183,110,374</u>	<u>183,110,374</u>
	<u>250,453,613</u>	—	—	<u>250,453,613</u>	<u>250,453,613</u>

**30 June 2024**

	<b>Level 1</b> \$	<b>Level 2</b> \$	<b>Level 3</b> \$	<b>Fair value</b> \$	<b>Total carrying amount</b> \$
<b><u>Liabilities</u></b>					
Client deposits	59,222,295	—	—	59,222,295	59,222,295
Financial liabilities	<u>155,902,470</u>	—	—	<u>155,902,470</u>	<u>155,902,470</u>
	<u>215,124,765</u>	—	—	<u>215,124,765</u>	<u>215,124,765</u>

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**18. Financial risk management (continued)**

**(g) *Financial instruments not measured at fair value (continued)***

The fair value of borrowings and payables under repurchase agreements is estimated using discounted cash flow techniques, applying the rates that are offered for borrowings and payables under repurchase agreements of similar maturities and terms.

**19. Administrative expenses**

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	\$	\$
Advertising and promotions	676,108	625,080
Bank charges and interest	69,115	70,260
Brokerage fees	291	5,947
Business licenses and permits	40,000	36,000
Computer and internet expenses	491,894	295,289
Courier and postage	145,188	59,105
Depreciation	567,066	413,295
Donations	82,895	8,697
Dues and subscriptions	141,544	32,080
Entertainment	162,223	359,751
Equipment lease	210,381	197,325
Insurance	353,037	321,954
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	423	3,435
Miscellaneous expenses	1,478	1,098
Office expenses	180,395	155,249
Penalty and interest	-	1,949
Professional fees	3,061,829	1,876,727
Rent	49,241	49,275
Repairs and maintenance	753,046	838,508
Security	32,840	60,980
Telephone	21,519	48,558
Training	76,277	419,209
Transaction fees	1,937,559	1,556,042
Travel	220,855	210,079
Uniforms	100,046	15,472
Utilities	107,460	112,892
Website	140,202	233,450
Withholding tax	<u>38,191</u>	<u>4,301</u>
	<b><u>9,661,103</u></b>	<b><u>8,012,007</u></b>

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**20. Capital management**

The Group is required by the Securities and Exchange Commission to maintain authorized and paid-up capital at a minimum amount of \$5 million in the form of management shares. The holders of management shares are entitled to a repayment of up to par value only upon the winding up of the Group in priority to ordinary redeemable shares. The Group is not subject to other externally imposed capital requirements.

**21. Third party assets under management**

Third party owned assets which are managed by the Group in a fiduciary capacity and therefore not included in these consolidated financial statements amounted to \$1.108 billion as at 30 June 2025 (2024: \$883 million).

**22. Events after the reporting date**

There has been no occurrence of any adjusting or significant non-adjusting events between the 30 June 2025 reporting date and the date of authorization.