



Introduction to the Proposed Securities Bill 2012

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Outline

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- Global Financial Crisis
- TTSEC's Response
- International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO)
- IOSCO Multilateral Memorandum of Understanding (MMoU)
- Aims and Benefits of the Securities Bill 2012
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Global Financial Crisis

The global crisis was caused by a confluence of factors:

- Erosion of market discipline
- Excessive risk-taking accompanied by weaknesses in risk management practices of financial institutions
- Poor investor due diligence
- Inadequate disclosure standards
- Inadequate prudential framework in the face of the emergence of large highly interconnected firms.
- Gaps in the regulatory framework



TTSEC's Response

- Continued review of the regulatory framework
- Adoption of IOSCO Principles

International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO)

What is IOSCO?

 Association of regulatory commissions which provide assistance in the regulation of the international securities market

• What does IOSCO do?

- Set objectives and principles for the regulation of the securities market which seek to:
 - Protect Investors
 - Ensure that markets are fair, efficient and transparent
 - Reduce systemic risk

IOSCO Multilateral Memorandum of Understanding (MMoU)

What is the MMoU?

 MMOU is a tool used by securities regulators to help ensure effective regulation and to preserve and strengthen the international securities market. It was designed to facilitate cross-border enforcement and the exchange of information for securities regulatory enforcement purposes

• What are the benefits of the MMOU?:

- The ability to obtain investigative information from overseas regulators, enabling more effective enforcement investigations
- The enhancement of reputation and credibility
- The ability to increase investor confidence
- The attraction of increased capital flows and a lowering in the cost capital

IOSCO MMoU Signatory List

- Appendix A Signatories (Full Signatory): 86
- Appendix B Signatories: 29
- Trinidad & Tobago is currently an Appendix B signatory
- IOSCO has imposed a deadline of <u>January 1, 2013</u> to fulfill all the requirements to become a full signatory to the MMOU

IOSCO Deficiencies in SIA 1995

- Access to records
- Ability to share information
- Record keeping
- Confidentiality

Consequences of Not Being an "A" List Signatory

- Beyond January 1st 2013, Appendix B will cease to exist
- May result in reputational and credibility issues as countries not on the single list will be identified as high risk territories for business
- Attraction of unscrupulous market players
- Being an A list signatory increases the potential to join international cooperation arrangements such as mutual recognition/ regulatory cooperation agreements

Aims and Benefits

Increases the size of the Commission – S.10

- Enhances TTSEC's abilities in adjudicating contraventions
- Would strengthen the supervisory process to better enforce regulation

Aims and Benefits

Promotes regulatory co-operation

- Provides for enhanced consultation and co-operation with the CBTT and other regulatory agencies – this would prevent duplication of effort – S.19
- Provides for co-operation with foreign regulators and government agencies- S.19
- The enhanced s. 19 provision would complement the recommendation of the G20 which has advocated greater co-operation among regulatory bodies, both domestically and internationally.

Aims and Benefits

Enhances disclosure obligations – Part V

- Strengthens reporting by issuers of securities through improved disclosure requirements
- Allows investors to access accurate and timely information, contributing to the Commission's role of investor protection and thereby facilitating investor due diligence

Shifts the focus from issuer to activity and investor

 Promotes investor protection, more adequately fulfilling the Commission's mandate

Aims and Benefits

- Strengthens the regulatory framework and fosters transparency
 - Broadens oversight to all market participants and not simply registrants.
 - Allows for the inspection of company records, compliance reviews and powers of entry – S.89
 - Allows for the issuance of compliance directions for non compliance with guidelines and recommendations following a compliance review – S.90

Aims and Benefits

- Allows for the recognition of Market Manipulation Offences – S.91- S.98
 - Current legislation is inadequate to address potential types of market misconduct or to permit prosecution of offenders
 - The Bill adds and addresses other methods for maintaining artificial prices and prohibits price rigging
- Addresses Insider Trading More Effectively
 - Expands upon the regulation of insider dealing S.100
 - Better defines "connected person" and under what circumstances they are prohibited from trading and disclosing material non-public information – S.101

Aims and Benefits

- Increases By-Law Making Powers of the Commission - S.148
 - This would allow the Commission to respond with some degree of flexibility to developments in the market.

Increases the Commission's Enforcement Powers

 Penalties for various contraventions would be increased – S. 150-152

TTSEC: The Way Forward

Focused on:

- Building internal capacity
- Strengthening enforcement capabilities
- Increasing collaboration with all stakeholders
- Promoting investor education
- Enhancing its legislative framework
- Creating an environment that promotes confidence and growth in the capital markets



Thank you for your attention